Early onset of drinking increases alcohol use in adulthood


Q Does the age of onset of drinking affect adult alcohol use?

**METHODS**

**Main results**

Mean age of onset of drinking was 15 years 6 months old (range 10–30 years). People who started drinking at age 13 or younger had significantly increased frequency of alcohol use and binge drinking in adulthood than those who started drinking at age 18 or later (p < 0.05 for all outcomes, see table).

**Conclusions**

Adult alcohol use increases in people who start drinking at an early age. Interventions that delay the onset of drinking are likely to prevent alcohol problems in later life.

**Commentary**

This paper from the Finnish Jyväskylä Longitudinal Study of Personality and Social Development examines the age of onset of drinking as a predictor for heavy drinking in adulthood (measured as frequency of alcohol consumption and binge drinking, using two instruments for screening for alcoholism, the CAGE and modified Michigan Alcoholism Screening Test (Mm-MAST)). The study followed a sample of 369 people from the age of 8 years to the age of 36 years, and had a high response rate (over 90%). Age of onset of drinking was found to be inversely related to adult alcohol use, with participants who started drinking at age 13 years or younger scoring more highly on all indicators of adult alcohol use than those who started at older ages. As pointed out in the paper, the findings of this study support results from previous longitudinal studies. The strength of this particular project, the authors argue, was that the age of onset of alcohol use was obtained by prospective measurement.

In terms of individual practice, the findings suggest the need for early intervention to reduce harmful alcohol consumption in individuals with an early onset of drinking. This may be in the form of brief intervention, psychotherapy, or pharmacotherapy for alcohol dependence, depending on the individual. Encouraging individuals at risk of long term alcohol problems to engage in treatment is a challenge and an area needing further exploration.

More broadly, these findings have important implications for public policy. The authors conclude that efforts to prevent alcohol related harm should include keeping “adulthood” as the legal age limit for alcohol use. This is very difficult to implement in many cultures today because of significant influences on the uptake of alcohol by young people, including widespread availability and acceptability of recurrent binge drinking as well as sophisticated promotion of alcohol to young people. Notwithstanding this, clinicians can and should advocate for appropriate alcohol related public policy, in particular highlighting the harms associated with early onset of alcohol and the need for responsible serving practices.

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Age of onset of drinking and drinking habits at age 36–42 years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Onset age of drinking</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Mean binge drinking score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>≤ 13 years old</td>
<td>193 days/year</td>
<td>3.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;18 years old</td>
<td>101.6 days/year</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p Value*</td>
<td>0.005</td>
<td>0.000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* p values shown to three decimal points only.

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